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SINNAMON & ASSOCIATES, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Finance of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut Sharon, CT

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government*

Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedule of Contributions to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The general fund budgetary comparison detail schedules and the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly

to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2022 on our consideration of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sinnamon & Associates, LLC Certified Public Accountants

mis Descites 110

December 13, 2022 Canaan Connecticut

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) offers the readers of the Town of Sharon (the "Town") financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The information presented here should be considered in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements that follow this section. Wherever possible, reference to the financial statements is provided.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

On a government—wide basis the Town's assets of \$26,944,052 exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2022, resulting in a total net position of \$22,096,987. Unrestricted net position was \$6,965,515 and was available to meet ongoing government obligations. Of that amount \$6,723,524 is related to governmental activities, which include the General Fund.

The Town's governmental funds, reported on a current financial resource's basis, combined ending fund balance is \$5,450,374, an increase of \$91,041 for the year. The General Fund operating increase for the year was \$297,493 vs. an adjusted budgeted decrease of \$675,346. The General Fund balance was \$3,369,167, of which \$1,685,957 was assigned and committed.

At the end of the current fiscal year unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,683,210 or 15.14 % of the subsequent year's General Fund expenditures and transfers.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplementary information and statistical tables.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The government activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, and recreation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 -13 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for special activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, that is the Town's most basic services. Unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, however, the funds focus on (1) cash and other financial resources that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a near or short-term view of the Town's finances that may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of government's near-term decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains individual government funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital reserve fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 18 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund is the Sewer and Water Commission

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, inly in more detail. The funds are combined unto single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic Proprietary fund statements can be found on pages 19 - 21 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund statements can be found on pages 22-23 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and financial fund statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24 - 49 of this report.

Other Information.

The required supplementary information for the Town's proportionate share of the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Pension and OPEB liability can be found on pages 50-51 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and other schedules can be found on pages 52-64 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. In the case of the Town, assets exceeded liabilities by \$26,944,052 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Town's assets is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). It is presented in the statement of net position less any related debt used to acquire those assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The Town's net position increased by \$1,675,606 during the current fiscal year.

NET POSITION - June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021_

	6/	/30/2022 Net Positio	n	6	/30/2021 Net Position	on
	Governmental Activities	Business -Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business -Type Activities	Total
ASSETS						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 6,531,230	\$ 431,792	\$ 6,963,022	\$ 6,815,237	\$ 303,479	\$ 7,118,716
Capital Assets	15,329,175	4,196,702	19,525,877	14,793,132	4,356,951	19,150,083
Non Current Assets	455,153		455,153	434,755		434,755
TOTAL ASSETS	22,315,558	4,628,494	26,944,052	22,043,124	4,660,430	26,703,554
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities	1,156,048	107,090	1,263,138	1,683,053	55,968	1,739,021
Non Current Liabilities	3,525,725	58,202	3,583,927	4,424,437	115,491	4,539,928
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,681,773	165,292	4,847,065	6,107,490	171,459	6,278,949
DEFERRED INFLOWS				3,224		3,224
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,910,261	4,081,211	14,991,472	9,323,702	4,185,492	13,509,194
Restricted for Capital Improvements	-	140,000	140,000	-	140,000	140,000
Unrestricted	6,723,524	241,991	6,965,515	6,608,708	163,479	6,772,187
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 17,633,785	\$ 4,463,202	\$ 22,096,987	\$15,932,410	\$ 4,488,971	\$ 20,421,381

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 Governmental Activities

June 30, 2022 June 30, 2021 Changes in Net Position Changes in Net Position Governmental Business -Type Business -Type Governmental Activities Activities Total Activities Activities Total Revenues: Program Revenues: Charges for Services 703,498 502,297 \$ 1,205,795 593,243 \$ 533,578 \$ 1,126,821 Operating grants and contributions 1,574,664 1,574,664 1,652,187 1,652,187 Capital grants and contributions 35,130 35,130 343,883 343,883 General Revenues: Property Taxes 10,896,235 10,896,235 10,749,071 10,749,071 Grants and contributions, unrestricted 32,604 32,604 43,623 43,623 Other Revenues (20,320)7,091 (13,229)146,136 10,686 156,822 Total Revenues 13,186,681 544,518 13,731,199 13,528,143 544,264 14,072,407 Expenses General Government \$ 1,443,752 1,443,752 \$ 1,417,297 1,417,297 **Public Safety** 371,487 371,487 372,796 372,796 Public Works 2,622,856 2.622.856 1,791,965 1,791,965 Health Department 74,192 74,192 80,717 80,717 Parks and Recreation 158,513 158,513 153,684 153,684 Miscellaneous 721.188 721,188 455,303 455,303 Board of Education 6,370,926 6,370,926 7,508,795 7,508,795 Sewer and Water Commission 568,391 568,391 618,308 618,308 4,952 98,916 Interest on Long Tern Debt (277,608)1,896 (275,712)93,964 **Total Expenses** 11,485,306 570,287 12,055,593 11,874,521 623,260 12,497,781 Change in Net Position 1,701,375 (25,769)1,675,606 1,653,622 (78,996)1,574,626 Net Position, beginning 15,932,410 4,488,971 20,421,381 14,278,788 4,567,967 18,846,755 Net Position, ending \$17,633,785 4,463,202 \$22,096,987 \$15,932,410 4,488,971 \$20,421,381

Approximately 82.6% of the revenues were derived from property taxes, followed by 11.9% from operating and capital grants, 5.3% from service changes, and .2% from grants and investment earnings. Detailed revenue information can be found on page 52.

For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in demand for services. Approximately 55% of the Town's expenses relate to education, 22% relate to public works, 13% for general government and 10% for all other activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds.

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund total fund balance was \$3,369,167. Of this total fund balance, \$1,685,957 is assigned and committed. The remaining balance of \$1,683,210 is unassigned.

The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$297,493 during the current fiscal year, compared to an expected decrease of \$675,346.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, revenues were more than budgetary estimates and expenditures were less than budgetary estimates.

A detailed schedule of revenues and expenditures, budget and actual, can be found on 52 - 57 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The town's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$15,329,175. This investment in capital assets included land, Infrastructure, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment and vehicles.

CAPITAL ASSETS, Net of Depreciation June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities					
	6/30/2022	6/30/2021				
Land and Construction in Process Building and Improvement	\$ 337,361 4,921,900	\$ 337,361 4,197,716				
Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	850,023	1,032,264				
Inirastructure	9,219,891	9,225,791				
Total	\$ 15,329,175	\$14,793,132				

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total outstanding debt of \$4,081,553 related to governmental activities and \$55,968 related to business-type activities. All of the debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

The Town's total debt had a net decrease of \$1,106,484 which includes a total of \$411,989 of notes paid off early as approved by a town meeting held on April 7, 2002 and \$638,527 of scheduled debt repayment during the current fiscal year.

The Water and Sewer Commission total debt had a net decrease of \$55,968 during the current fiscal year reflecting the principal amount repaid against the outstanding notes payable.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7.0 times its total prior year tax collections. The current statutory debt limitation for the Town is \$75,852,546 which is significantly more than the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town's long-tern debt can be found in Note 11 on pages 38-39 and the detail schedule on page 64 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND THE NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The management of the Town of Sharon considered the following in preparation of the 2022/2023 budget:

- The State of Connecticut's budget and projected cuts to municipalities
- Projected Town needs as estimated in the 5-year capital improvement plan
- Education budgets (Region 1 & Sharon Center School)
- The debt service schedule of payments including the notes paid off early

At a town meeting on November 10, 2022, the town authorized the expenditure of up to one million six hundred thousand (\$1,600,000) dollars for the expansion of broadband internet service infrastructure. At this meeting the town was authorizes to pay a contract deposit in an amount up to eight hundred thousand (\$800,000) dollars from its existing Undesignated Fund, and to secure

a bank loan, if necessary, after applying any available grant funding, to pay upon project completion the second installment of eight hundred thousand (\$800,000) dollars. The amount authorized to come from the undesignated fund has been shown as Committed Fund Balance on these financial statements.

All of the above factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview for those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the First Selectman's office, Town of Sharon, PO Box 385, 63 Main Street, Sharon, Connecticut 06069.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

	Gove	rnmental	Bui	isness-Type	
	Act	tivities		Activities	 Total
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5	5,400,919	\$	314,501	\$ 5,715,420
Investments		537,256		-	537,256
Inventory		795		-	795
Prepaid Expenses		-		-	-
Receivables:					
Property Taxes		578,061		-	578,061
Accounts Receivable		2,394		117,291	119,685
Accrued interest and fees on property tax		455,153		-	455,153
Due From Other Governments		11,805		-	11,805
Capital Assets, not being depreciated		337,361		106,905	444,266
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	14	,991,814		4,089,797	 19,081,611
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 22	2,315,558	\$	4,628,494	\$ 26,944,052
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts and Other Payables	\$	331,289	\$	49,801	\$ 381,090
Security Deposit		1,000		-	1,000
Due to State		105,260		-	105,260
Unearned Grant Revenue		128,281		-	128,281
Accrued Compensated Absences, due within one year		34,390		-	34,390
Noncurrent Liabilities Bonds & Notes Payable:					
Due within one year		555,828		57,289	613,117
Due in more than one year	3	3,525,725		58,202	3,583,927
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4	,681,773		165,292	4,847,065
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Advance Tax Collections				-	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10	,910,261		4,081,211	14,991,472
Restricetd Net Postion		· · ·		140,000	140,000
Unrestricted	6	5,723,524		241,991	6,965,515
TOTAL NET POSITION		7,633,785		4,463,202	22,096,987
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
AND AND NET POSITION	\$ 22	2,315,558	\$	4,628,494	\$ 26,944,052

TOWN OF SHARON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Primary Government

		Program Revenues			P	rimary Government	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities	Φ (1.440.752)	Φ 277.020	Φ 5.500	Φ.	Φ (1.1.c0.422)	Φ.	Φ (1.160.422)
General Government	\$ (1,443,752)	\$ 277,830	\$ 5,500	\$ -	\$ (1,160,422)	\$ -	\$ (1,160,422)
Public Safety	(371,487)	-	261.466	-	(371,487)	-	(371,487)
Public Works	(2,622,856)	251,181	361,466	-	(2,010,209)	-	(2,010,209)
Health Welfare	(74,192)	2,422	-	-	(71,770)	-	(71,770)
Parks and Recreation	(158,513)	12,715	-	-	(145,798)	-	(145,798)
Miscellaneous	(275,099)	158,231	-	-	(116,868)	-	(116,868)
Additional Budget Appropriations	(446,089)	-	-	-	(446,089)	-	(446,089)
Interest on Long Term Debt	277,608	-	-	-	277,608	-	277,608
Education	(6,370,926)	1,119	1,207,698		(5,162,109)		(5,162,109)
Total Governmental Activities	(11,485,306)	703,498	1,574,664		(9,207,144)		(9,207,144)
Business Type Activities Sewer and Water Commission	(570,287)	502,297		35,130	_	(32,860)	(32,860)
Total Primary Government	\$ (12,055,593)	\$ 1,205,795	\$ 1,574,664	\$ 35,130	(9,207,144)	(32,860)	(9,240,004)
General Revenues: Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment earnings Total General Revenues					10,896,235 32,604 (20,320) 10,908,519	7,091 7,091	10,896,235 32,604 (13,229) 10,915,610
	Change in net position				1,701,375	(25,769)	1,675,606
	Net position beginning of	of year			15,932,410	4,488,971	20,421,381
	Net position end of year				\$ 17,633,785	\$ 4,463,202	\$ 22,096,987

TOWN OF SHARON BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	FOR THE TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022										
		General Fund		apital and ecurring Fund		er Station al Fund	vn Special ant Fund		Ion Major nmental Funds	Go	Total povernmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Inventory and prepaid	\$	3,857,851	\$	903,401	\$		\$ 	\$	639,667 537,256 795	\$	5,400,919 537,256 795
Receivables: Property Taxes Accounts Receivable		578,061 2,394		-		-	-		-		578,061 2,394
Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments		10,760		1,767		<u>-</u>	 113,789		11,805		126,316 11,805
TOTAL ASSETS		4,449,066		905,168			 113,789		1,189,523		6,657,546
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u>-</u>		-			 -		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	4,449,066	\$	905,168	\$		\$ 113,789	\$	1,189,523	\$	6,657,546
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES Accounts and Other Payables Due to Other Funds Security Deposit Unearned Grant Revenue Performance Bonds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	330,332 113,789 1,000 14,492 105,260 564,873	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$ 113,789	\$	957 12,527 - - - 13,484	\$	331,289 126,316 1,000 128,281 105,260 692,146
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Advance Tax Collections Unavailable Revenue - property taxes TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		515,026 515,026		- - -		- - -	 - - -		- - -		515,026 515,026
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted				-		-	-		795 494,665		795 494,665
Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,185,402 500,555 1,683,210 3,369,167		905,168		- - -	 - - -		680,579 - - - 1,176,039		2,771,149 500,555 1,683,210 5,450,374
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4,449,066	\$	905,168	\$	_	\$ 113,789	\$	1,189,523	\$	6,657,546

TOWN OF SHARON RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 5,450,374
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	15,329,175
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds	
Property tax and receivables greater than 60 days	515,026
Interest receivable on property taxes	455,153
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Accrued Compensated Absences, due within one year	(34,390)
General Obligation Bonds & Notes Payable	 (4,081,553)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 17,633,785

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	F	JR THE YEAR ENDE				
	General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Transfer Station Capital Fund	Town Special Grant Fund	Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$ 10,978,858	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,978,858
Intergovernmental	544,431	-	-	284,117	1,207,429	2,035,977
Investment Income	11,664	1,611	25	-	(33,620)	(20,320)
Licenses Fees and Charges	586,119	-	-	-	-	586,119
Other Revenue	61,917	-	-	-	53,843	115,760
Contributions	-	-	-	-	500	500
Sales					1,119	1,119
Total Revenues	12,182,989	1,611	25	284,117	1,229,271	13,698,013
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government	1,398,189	-	-	-	-	1,398,189
Public Safety	362,467	-	-	-	9,020	371,487
Public Works	1,545,518	-	-	-	321,501	1,867,019
Health Department	74,192	-	-	-	-	74,192
Parks and Recreation	158,513	-	-	-	-	158,513
Miscellaneous	224,346	-	-	-	50,753	275,099
Additional Budget Appropriations	461,989	-	-	-	-	461,989
Debt Service	624,596	148,312	-	-	-	772,908
Education	6,780,986	-	_	_	230,745	7,011,731
Capital Outlay		305,988		284,117	625,740	1,215,845
Total Expenditures	11,630,796	454,300		284,117	1,237,759	13,606,972
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	552,193	(452,689)	25	<u> </u>	(8,488)	91,041
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds From Borrowing	-	-	_	_	_	_
Transfers In	19,800	193,267	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	83,000	296,067
Transfers Out	(274,500)	-	(9,040)	_	(12,527)	(296,067)
Total Other Financing sources (Uses):	(254,700)	193,267	(9,040)		70,473	(2) 0,007)
-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net Change in Fund Balances	297,493	(259,422)	(9,015)	-	61,985	91,041
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	3,071,674	1,164,590	9,015		1,114,054	5,359,333
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 3,369,167	\$ 905,168	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,176,039	\$ 5,450,374

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances for governmental funds	\$	91,041
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
activities is different because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets		
allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation		
expense. The amount by which depreciation differed from capital outlays		
in the current period is as follows:		
Expenditures for capital assets	1,110,179	
Depreciation expense	(574,136)	
Net adjustment	536,043	536,043
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		(82,623)
Other changes in accruals		103,673
Change in Accrued Compensated Absences		
reported in statement of activates but not in fund statements		2,725
Principal Payments on Long-Term Financing are reported as an other		
financing uses in governmental funds, but the payments		
decrease long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets		1,050,516
	_	
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1.701.375
Change in net position of governmental activities	_4	1,701,373

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Variance With
	Budgeted	Amounts	`	Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$10,813,870	\$10,813,870	\$10,978,858	\$ 164,988
Intergovernmental	43,361	43,361	48,797	5,436
Other Revenues	367,750	367,750	667,836	300,086
Interest Investments	7,000	7,000	11,664	4,664
<u>Total Revenues</u>	11,231,981	11,231,981	11,707,155	475,174
Expenditures:				
General Government	1,471,207	1,463,792	1,415,689	48,103
Public Safety	396,495	396,609	389,467	7,142
Public Works	1,665,264	1,653,858	1,645,518	8,340
Health Department	89,421	89,421	74,192	15,229
Parks and Recreation	200,964	200,964	178,513	22,451
Miscellaneous	379,133	397,840	370,733	27,107
Additional Budget Appropriations	-	475,211	461,989	13,222
Debt Service	649,739	649,739	649,596	143
Education	6,579,893	6,579,893	6,360,352	219,541
<u>Total Expenditures</u>	11,432,116	11,907,327	11,546,049	361,278
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(200,135)	(675,346)	161,106	836,452
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Change in Encumbrances	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	136,387	136,387
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		136,387	136,387
Net Change In Fund Balance	\$ (200,135)	\$ (675,346)	297,493	\$ 972,839
Fund Balance - Beginning Of Year			3,071,674	
Fund Balance - End Of Year			\$ 3,369,167	

TOWN OF SHARON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>	Business Type Activities Enterprise Fund Sewer and Water Commission	
Cook and Cook Foreign lants	\$	214 501
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance	Ф	314,501 117,291
Prepaid Expenses		117,291
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		-
Land & Construction in Process		106,905
Utility Plant, Net of Depreciation		4,089,797
Curity I faint, Net of Depreciation		4,000,777
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,628,494
LIABILITIES Accounts and Other Payables Noncurrent Liabilities Bonds Payable: Due within one year Due in more than one year TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	49,801 57,289 58,202 165,292
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		4,081,211
Restricted for Capital Improvements		140,000
Unrestricted		241,991
TOTAL NET POSITION		4,463,202
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	4,628,494

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

	Business Type Activities	
	Enterprise Fund	
	Sewer and Water	
	Commission	
Operating Revenue	Commission	
Water Sales	\$ 347,900	
Sewer Services	154,397	
Total Operating Revenues	502,297	
Total Operating Revenues	302,291	
Operating Expenses		
Operations Services	216,724	
Chemicals	9,211	
Depreciation	197,379	
Electric	20,177	
Repairs and Maintenance	28,574	
Supplies	10,176	
Telephone	4,126	
Fuel	6,207	
Other Costs	847	
Professional Services	3,500	
Wages and Payroll Taxes	23,103	
Insurance	9,940	
Lab Fees	17,172	
Sewer Bed Cleaning	15,164	
Meters	6,091	
Total Expenditures	568,391	
Operating Income (Loss)	(66,094)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest Revenue	225	
Grant Income ARPA Funds for Generator	35,130	
Finance Charge Revenue	6,866	
Interest Expense	(1,896)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	40,325	
Change In Net Position	(25,769)	
Net Position, Beginning	4,488,971	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 4,463,202	

TOWN OF SHARON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

	Business Type Activities Enterprise Fund Sewer and Water Commission		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash Received from Customers	\$	477,390	
Cash Received from Grants		84,000	
Cash Payments to Suppliers		(294,608)	
Cash Payments to Employees and Professional		(26,603)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		240,179	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal Repayments		(55,968)	
Capital Additions		(37,130)	
Interest Paid		(1,896)	
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(94,994)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Receipts of Interest		225	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		225	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		145,410	
Cash, Beginning of Year		169,091	
Cash, End of Year	\$	314,501	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(66,094)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		105.050	
Depreciation Expense		197,379	
Receipt of Other Revenue		41,996	
Increase in Accounts Payable		49,801	
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		17,097	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	240,179	

TOWN OF SHARON STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

ASSETS	Pension Trust Funds	Custodial Funds	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Investments	\$ - 78,906 1,383,494	\$ 15,406 - -	\$ 15,406 78,906 1,383,494	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,462,400	\$ 15,406	\$ 1,477,806	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Due to beneficiaries	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
TOTAL LIABILITIES				
NET POSITION				
Restricted for Pensions Restricted for Individuals and Organizations	1,462,400	15,406	1,462,400 15,406	
TOTAL NET POSITION	1,462,400	15,406	1,477,806	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 1,462,400	\$ 15,406	\$ 1,477,806	

TOWN OF SHARON STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Pension Trust Fund	Custodial Funds	Total	
Additions Contributions Employer Employee	\$ 90,898	\$ - -	\$ 90,898	
Events and Activities <u>Total Contributions</u>	90,898	4,476	95,374	
Investment Income Investment Net Earnings	(202,759)	-	(202,759)	
Total Investment Income	(202,759)		(202,759)	
Total Additions	(111,861)	4,476	(107,385)	
<u>Deductions</u>				
Benefits Paid Plan Administration Events and Activities	43,139 23,495	6,450	43,139 23,495 6,450	
Total Deductions	66,634	6,450	73,084	
Change in Net Position	(178,495)	(1,974)	(180,469)	
Net Position Beginning	1,640,895	17,380	1,658,275	
Net Position Ending	\$ 1,462,400	\$ 15,406	\$ 1,477,806	

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Town's significant accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Town of Sharon, Connecticut (the "Town") is a municipal corporation governed by a Board of Selectman, Town Meeting, Board of Finance form of government and provides the following services as authorized by State Statute: public safety, public works, health, welfare, parks, recreation, and elementary and secondary education. Under this form of Government, the town meeting is the legislative body. A town meeting is required to make appropriations, levy taxes, and borrow money. The executive branch is led by an elected three-member Board of Selectman. The Selectman oversee most of the activities not assigned specifically to another Body. An elected Board of Education oversees the public-school system.

The Board of Finance is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

The Town has the power to incur indebtedness by issuing bonds or notes as provided by Connecticut General Statutes.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The following related organizations, to which the Town appropriates funds annually, do not meet the above criteria and are not included in the reporting entity:

<u>Regional School District #1</u> - This potential component unit has a separate elected board and provides educational services to residents of several local Towns which make up the region. It is excluded from the reporting entity because the Town does not have the ability to exercise influence or control over the daily operations or approve budgets.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The various funds included in the financial statements are described below:

Fund Financial Statements

<u>Governmental Funds</u> are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund- the primary operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state and federal grants, licenses, permits, charges for services, and earnings on investments.

Capital Project Funds - account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Special Revenue Funds - account for revenue derived from specific sources other than capital projects that are restricted or committed by legal and regulatory provisions to finance specific activities.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. These funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds are as follows:

Sewer and Water Commission Enterprise Fund – is used to account for the operations for the Sewer and Water Commission, which oversees the water and sewer services

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The fiduciary funds are as follows:

Pension Trust Fund - is used to account for the activities of the Town's pension plan which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Custodial Funds are used to account for monies held as a custodian for outside groups and agencies.

Measurement Focus Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town or specifically identified.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the funds include the cost of operations and maintenance, provision for doubtful accounts, and depreciations on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital and Non-recurring Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, improvements and/or equipment. Most of the capital outlays are financed by appropriations from the General Fund or the issuance of general obligation bonds.

Transfer Station Capital Fund accounts for financial resources designated for capital projects related to the Salisbury/Sharon Transfer Station.

Town Special Grant Fund accounts for financial resources restricted to ARPA Federal Covid Grant Funds.

Additionally, the Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

Sewer and Water Commission Enterprise Fund – is used to account for the operations for the Sewer and Water Commission, which oversees the water and sewer services

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The Town classifies all highly liquid investments having original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices), except as described below. Investments in these types of funds, which are permitted to measure their investment holdings at amortized costs, are measured by the Town at the net asset value per share as determined by the fund.

Inventory

Purchased inventory is presented at cost (first-in, first-out). USDA donated commodities are presented at market value. inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

Property Taxes

The Town's property tax is levied each July 1 on the assessed value as of the prior October 1 for all real property located in the Town. Assessed values are established by the Town Assessment Board at 70 percent of estimated market value. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every five years.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of October 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are due and payable in four installments if over \$100 on July 1, October 1, January 1 and April 1, although a 30-day grace period is provided. Motor vehicle taxes are due and payable July 1, and motor vehicle supplemental taxes are due and payable January 1.

Uncollected property taxes are recorded as receivables. An allowance based on historical collection experience is provided for uncollectible taxes. Outstanding real estate tax accounts are liened each year prior to June 30, with legal demands and alias tax warrants used in the collection of personal property and motor vehicle tax bills.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40 - 50
Building improvements	20
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20
Infrastructure	30 - 50
Vehicles	5 - 10

Compensated Absences

Employees are paid under a prescribed formula for absences due to sickness or vacation. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for amounts expected to be paid with available resources.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether of not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding in the government-wide statement of net position. The Town had no financial statement elements meeting the criteria to be reported as deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These

amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

Pension Plan Accounting

In the pension trust funds, employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due pursuant to legal requirements of the plan. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. In the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized when they are paid or are expected to be paid with current available resources.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense in the governmental activities financial statements, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's pension plans and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the pension trust funds.

Fund Equity and Net Position

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - this category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted Net Position - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category represents the net position of the Town, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified in the following five separate categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – includes amounts that are not in spendable form or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually. The criteria include items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories, prepaid amounts and long term receivables.

Restricted Fund Balance – includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance – includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the same group taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

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Assigned Fund Balance – includes amounts intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – includes the general fund balance amount that is not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

The Town's policy is to apply expenditures against the applicable fund balances in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget for the general fund is authorized annually by the Board of Finance. The procedures for establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements are as follows:

- The proposed operating budget for the fiscal year is compiled by the Board of Finance for submission at public hearings. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The budget is legally enacted at the annual Town budget meeting by vote of the general public.
- Upon the request of the Board of Selectmen, the Board of Finance may, by resolution, transfer any unencumbered appropriation, balance or portion thereof, from one department, commission, board or office, to another.
- The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis under which encumbrances are recognized as expenditures.
- Budgeted amounts are shown as originally adopted or as amended at a Board of Finance meeting during the course of the fiscal year.

Departments seeking additional appropriations or appropriation transfers between budgetary line items must make a written request to the Board of Finance through the Board of Selectmen. An additional appropriation to a budgetary line item requires approval at a Town meeting if it exceeds \$20,000 or is a second request by the asking board or department. An additional appropriation of \$20,000 or higher is voted by the citizens of the Town.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported in either restricted, committed or assigned fund balance depending on the level of restriction and are not recognized as expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and recognized in the subsequent year.

Appropriations for capital projects do not lapse until completion of the applicable projects. All general fund unexpended appropriations lapse at year end. The Town does not have legally adopted annual budgets for its special revenue funds and grant financed capital project funds because budgetary control is alternatively achieved by constraints imposed by intergovernmental grant agreements, or Connecticut General Statutes.

Accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A reconciliation of general fund amounts presented on the budgetary basis to amounts

presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America is as follows:

	Revenues	Expenditures	
Total Budgetary Basis - Non GAAP	\$ 11,707,155	\$ 11,546,049	
Teachers retirement System On Behalf Payments	484,239	484,239	
Teachers retirement System OPEB	11,395	11,395	
Change in Encumbrances	-	(136,387)	
Interfund Transfers reported on Non-GAAP			
statements as revenues and expenditures	(19,800)	(274,500)	
Total GAAP Basis	\$ 12,182,989	\$ 11,630,796	

NOTE 3 – CASH DEPOSITS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio. The amount of public deposits is determined based on either the public deposits reported on the most recent quarterly call reports, or the average of the public deposits reported on the four most recent quarterly call reports, whichever is greater. The collateral is kept in the custody of the trust department of either the pledging bank or another bank in the name of the pledging bank. All of the Town's deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by state statute.

As of June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the Town's cash deposits were as follows:

	Carrying Amount		Bank Balance	
General Fund	\$	3,857,851	\$	3,945,141
Capital and Non-Recurring Fund		903,401		905,168
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		639,667		640,514
Sewer and Water Commission		314,501		353,767
Custodial Funds	15,406			15,406
Total Deposits		5,730,826		5,859,996
Less Certificates of deposit classified as investments		(82,337)		(81,836)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,648,489	\$	5,778,160

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, \$5,701,761 of the Town's bank balance of \$5,983,654 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 272,617
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by	
the pledging Bank's trust department or agent but not	
in the Towns's name	5,585,652
	\$ 5,858,269

The level of the Town's deposits varied significantly throughout the year as a result of higher cash flows during certain periods of the year. As a result, uninsured, uncollateralized amounts at those times were substantially higher than at year-end.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Town does not have a policy that limits the amounts invested in any one issuer. At June 30, 2022, the Town had all of its cash deposits in financial institutions located in the State of Connecticut. The Town has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS

Investments are stated at fair value using quoted market prices and consist of funds deposited in the State Treasurer's Short-term Investment Fund (STIF) which are classified as investments for reporting purposes, cemetery trust funds and pension assets held by the pension administrator. As of June 30, 2022, the Town had the following investments:

	Fair Market	Maturity not	Less than 1		5 - 10
	Value	Available	Year	1- 5 Years	Years
Nonmajor Funds					
Certificates of deposit	\$ 82,337	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 82,337	\$ -
Corporate stock	407,012	407,012	-	-	-
Bond funds	47,907	47,907			
	537,256	454,919	-	82,337	_
Pension trust fund					
Held by Administrator	1,383,494	1,383,494			
	\$1,920,750	\$1,838,413	\$ -	\$ 82,337	\$ -

		Quo	ted Prices in	Signif	icant		
		Act	ive Markets	Oth	ner	Signifi	cant
		fo	r Identical	Obser	vable	Unobse	rvable
			Assets	Inp	uts	Inpu	ıts
	June 30, 2022	((Level 1)	(Lev	el 2)	(Leve	el 3)
Pension Trust Mutual Funds	\$ 1,383,494	\$	1,383,494	\$	-	\$	-
Publicly traded equity investments	454,919		454,919				
Certificates of deposit	82,337		82,337				
	\$ 1,920,750	\$	1,920,750	\$	_	\$	-

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the Town will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The Town's government fund investments are held in State Treasurer's Short-term Investment Fund (STIF) and are not subject to custodial credit risk.

The pension trust funds may also invest in certain real estate mortgages, in certain savings banks or savings and loan associations, or in stocks or bonds or other securities selected by the trustee, with the care of a prudent investor. The pension fund investments consist primarily of investments in pooled fixed income accounts and equity securities and are therefore not exposed to custodial credit risk as they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District's investments subject to credit risk had an average rating by Standard & Poor's as follows:

Sharon Cemetery Investments AAA

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Town does not have a policy that limits the amounts invested in any one issuer.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair Value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, as of the measurement date. Authoritative guidance establishes a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (also referred to as observable inputs).

The Town classifies its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into Level 1 (securities valued using quoted prices from active markets for identical assets). Level 2 (securities not traded on an active market for which inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly), and Level 3 (securities valued based on unobservable inputs). Investments are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The town's investments are measured on a recurring basis using level 1 information (market quotations for investments that have quoted prices in active markets). The Town has no financial assets measured using Level 2 or Level 3 at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022 for individual major funds and all other funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowance for collection losses, are as follows:

	Ge	neral Fund	Major and er Funds	oprietary Funds	 Total
Property Taxes	\$	578,061	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 578,061
Interest due on taxes		455,153	-	-	455,153
Grants Receivable		-	11,805		11,805
Accounts Receivable		2,394	-	117,291	119,685
Total Receivables	\$	1,035,608	\$ 11,805	\$ 117,291	\$ 1,164,704

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

As of June 30, 2022, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Due From		Due To	
General Fund	\$	10,760	\$	113,789
Capital Non-Recurring Fund		1,767		-
Sharon Cemetery Fund		-		10,760
Town Clerk Preservation Fund				1,767
Town Special Grants Fund		113,789		
Total	\$	126,316	\$	126,316

A summary of interfund transfers is presented as follows:

	Transfers In		Tra	nsfers Out
General Fund	\$	19,800	\$	274,500
Capital Non-Recurring Fund		193,267		-
School Cafeteria Fund		25,000		_
Transfer Station Capital Fund		-		9,040
Sharon Cemetery Fund		-		10,760
Town Clerk Preservation Fund		1,000		1,767
Amenia Landfill Fund		25,000		
Tree Committee		15,000		-
Dog Fund		2,000		-
Green Rehab Fund		10,000		-
Revaluation Fund		5,000		
Total	\$	296,067	\$	296,067

NOTE 7 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

As of June 30, 2022, no funds had deficit fund balances.

NOTE 8 - POST EMPLOYMENT AND HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

The Town does not provide post-employment healthcare benefits except those mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). The requirements established by COBRA are fully funded by employees who elect coverage under the act, and no direct costs are incurred by the Town.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss involving torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries of employees, natural disaster and public official liabilities. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks and any claims have not exceeded commercial coverage.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Town's financial condition, liquidity and future results of operations. The Town has not included any contingencies in the financial statements specific to this issue.

NOTE 10 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 274,081	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 274,081
Construction in Process	63,280	_	-	63,280
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	337,361			337,361
Capital Assets, being depreciated				
Building and Improvement	10,247,200	922,738	-	11,169,938
Machinery and Equipment	3,459,246	_	-	3,459,246
Infrastructure	10,815,202	187,441	-	11,002,643
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	24,521,648	1,110,179		25,631,827
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Building and Improvement	6,049,484	198,554	-	6,248,038
Machinery and Equipment	2,426,982	182,241	-	2,609,223
Infrastructure	1,589,411	193,341	-	1,782,752
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$10,065,877	574,136		10,640,013
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated net	14,455,771	536,043		14,991,814
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$14,793,132	\$ 536,043	\$ -	\$15,329,175
Business Type Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ -	\$ 37,130	\$ -	\$ 37,130
Land	69,775	_	-	69,775
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	69,775	37,130		106,905
Capital Assets, being depreciated				
Building and Improvement	6,826,277	_	-	6,826,277
Machinery and Equipment	1,356,030	_	-	1,356,030
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	8,182,307			8,182,307
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Building and Improvement	3,259,704	60,995	-	3,320,699
Machinery and Equipment	635,427	136,384	-	771,811
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,895,131	197,379		4,092,510
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated net	4,287,176	(197,379)		4,089,797
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,356,951	\$ (160,249)	\$ -	\$ 4,196,702

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government Services	\$ 63,403
Public Works, including depreciation of	
general infrastructure assets	377,623
Education	133,110
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 574,136
Business-Type Activities:	
Sewer and Water Commission	\$ 197,379

NOTE 11 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in general obligation debt during the fiscal year:

	Beginning			Ending	Current
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Portion
2016/17 Daimler Freightliner	43,008	-	43,008	-	-
2016 General Obligation Bonds	3,075,000	-	530,000	2,545,000	525,000
2021 USDA Bond Transfer Stat	1,567,000	-	30,447	1,536,553	30,828
2020/21 Volvo Loader	138,040	-	138,040	-	-
2019/20 Ford F550	93,028	-	93,028	-	-
2018/19 Freightliner	215,993		215,993		
	_				
Total General Government	5,132,069		1,050,516	4,081,553	555,828
Businesses Type Activities					
2005 Drinking Water Fund	66,185		25,999	40,186	26,630
2010 Sewer Loan	105,274		29,969	75,305	30,659
Total Business type Activates	171,459		55,968	115,491	57,289
Total Bonds and Debt	5,303,528	-	1,106,484	4,197,044	613,117
Compensated Absences	31,665	2,725		34,390	34,390
Total Long-term Debt	\$5,335,193	\$ 2,725	\$1,106,484	\$4,231,434	\$ 647,507

Bonds and Debt Payable at June 30, 2022 are comprised of the following obligations:

Bonds payable dated $08/2016$ to $08/2026$ payable at various annual installments, including interest at 1.59% , final payment due $8/2026$ - General Fund	\$2,545,000
USDA Bonds payable dated 01/2021 payable \$50,035 per year, including interest at	
1.25%, final payment due 1/2061 - Transfer Station	1,536,553
Note Payable dated 10/2010 to Salisbury Bank and Trust Company, payable \$2,672	
per month, including interest at 2.25% final payment due 1/2025 - Enterprise Fund	75,305
Note payable dated 06/2004 to State of Connecticut Drinking Water Fund, payable	
\$2,275 per month, including interest at 2.40%, after first payment of \$27,166 in	
December 2004, final payment due 12/2023 - Enterprise Fund	40,186
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$4,197,044

The following is a summary of debt service requirements to maturity by year:

Year Ending					
June 30	 Principal	_	I	nterest	Total
2023	\$ 613,117		\$	57,568	\$ 670,685
2024	591,134			47,633	638,767
2025	554,885			38,382	593,267
2026	531,999			29,881	561,880
2027	527,804			21,571	549,375
Thereafter	 1,378,105	_		321,951	 1,700,056
	\$ 4,197,044	_	\$	516,986	\$ 4,714,030

Statutory Debt Limitation

Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-374(b) provides that authorized debt of the Town shall not exceed seven times base receipts, as defined in the Statute. Further, the Statute limits the amount of debt that may be authorized by the Town for general purposes, schools, sewers, urban renewal, and pension deficit. The Town did not exceed any of the statutory debt limitations at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCES

As of June 30, 2022, governmental fund balances are composed of the following:

	General Fund	Capital and Non- Recurring Fund	Non Major Government al Funds	Total Government al Funds
Nonspendable				
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 795	\$ 795
			795	795
Restricted				
Town Aid Road Fund	_	-	351,334	351,334
School Cafeteria Fund	_	-	27,257	27,257
Local and State Fund	-	-	18,397	18,397
Brown Fund	-	-	50,987	50,987
Sharon Fund		-	46,690	46,690
			494,665	494,665
Committed				
STEAP Town Hall Parking Lot	125,000	_	_	125,000
Sharon Housing Authority	100,000	_	_	100,000
Purchase of Two Vehicles	160,402			160,402
Broadband Internet Expansion	800,000			800,000
Capital Non-Recurring Fund	, _	863,168	_	863,168
Town Parking Lot Expansion	_	42,000	-	42,000
Sharon Cemetery Fund	_	-	463,670	463,670
67 Main Street Fund	_	_	84,846	84,846
Town Clerk Preservation Fund	_	_	10,126	10,126
Tree Committee	-	-	682	682
Dog Fund	-	-	8,383	8,383
Amenia Landfill Fund	-	-	47,130	47,130
Green Rehab Fund	_	-	47,825	47,825
Revaluation Fund			17,917	17,917
	1,185,402	905,168	680,579	2,771,149
Assigned				
Subsequent year's budget	357,990	_	_	357,990
Encumbrances	142,565	_	_	142,565
	500,555			500,555
Unassigned	1,683,210	_	-	1,683,210
Total governmental funds	\$3,369,167	\$ 905,168	\$1,176,039	\$ 5,450,374

NOTE 13- PENSION PLANS

MONEY PURCHASE PENSION PLAN

Substantially all town and non-certified Board of Education employees are eligible to participate in a defined contribution pension plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. To be eligible to participate in the plan, the employee must be at least twenty-one years of age and complete one year of service. Employees who work less than one thousand hours per annum are not eligible to participate. The town contributes seven percent of base compensation. Plan assets are held in investment accounts through the plan administrator. Vesting is immediate.

The Plan is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when due. Plan assets are reported at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Plan investments consist of two insurance contracts with Great West Retirement Service.

Total contributions made to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 by the Town were \$90,898.

CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, and supervisors engaged in service within the Town's school system participate in a retirement system administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board. This Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (the "System") is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension system with a special funding situation. As such, the Town does not have a liability related to participants in the System. The System is considered a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The benefits provided to participants by the System are as follows:

Normal Retirement

The System provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary). In addition, amounts derived from the accumulation of the 6% contributions made prior to July 1, 1989 and voluntary contributions are payable.

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service with a minimum of 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service with a minimum of 15 years of Connecticut service.

Minimum Benefit

Effective January 1, 1999, Public Act 98-251 provides a minimum monthly benefit of \$1,200 to teachers who retire under the normal retirement provisions and who have completed at least 25 years of full time Connecticut service at retirement

Benefit amounts are reduced by 6% per year for the first 5 years preceding normal retirement age and 4% per year for the next 5 years preceding normal retirement age. Effective July 1, 1999, the reduction for individuals with 30 or more years of service is 3% per year by which retirement precedes normal retirement date.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required to be eligible for nonservice related disability. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% per year of service times the average of the highest three years of pensionable salary, as defined per the System, but not less than 15%, nor more than 50%. In addition, disability benefits under this System (without regard to cost-of-living adjustments) plus any initial award of Social Security benefits and workers' compensation cannot exceed average annual salary.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit

The System also offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or surviving spouse benefit depending on length of service.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State are amended and certified by the TRB and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan, as contributions are required only from employees and the State. The statutes require the state of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$364,367 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher was required to contribute 6% of pensionable salary for the pension benefit. Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

At June 30, 2022, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportional share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the Town	5,783,031
Total	\$ 5,783,031

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2022, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized benefits expense and contribution revenue of \$484,239 in the governmental funds for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State. In the government-wide financial statements, the Town recognized \$373,308 for pension expense and revenue for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with a reporting date of June 30, 2022, using the following key actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 Percent
Salary increases, including inflation 3.00-6.50 Percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of
pension investment expense, including inflation 6.90 Percent

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

Assumption changes since the prior year are as follows:

There were no changes in assumptions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Benefit changes since the prior year are as follows:

There were no changes in benefit provisions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Future cost-of-living increases for teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum.

If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%. For teachers who were members of TRS after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut's Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity Fund	20.0%	5.6%
Developed Market International Stock Fund	11.0%	6.0%
Emerging Market International Stock Fund	9.0%	7.9%
Core Fixed Income Fund	16.0%	2.1%
Inflation Linked Bond Fund	5.0%	1.1%
Emerging Market Debt Fund	5.0%	2.7%
High Yield Bond Fund	6.0%	4.0%
Real Estate Fund	10.0%	4.5%
Private Equity	10.0%	7.3%
Alternative Investments	7.0%	2.9%
Liquidity Fund	1.0%	0.4%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 14 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Connecticut State Teachers' Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with benefits, including retiree health insurance, through the TRS. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

Benefit Provisions

The Plan covers retired teachers and administrators of public schools in the State who are receiving benefits from the Plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit through the Plan is eligible to participate in the healthcare portion of the Plan. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the TRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost.

The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the Plan sponsored by the TRS. If they elect to remain in the Plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees, and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits).

Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the TRB and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State pays for one third of plan costs through an annual appropriation in the General Fund.

Employer (School Districts)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$11,395 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures. In the government-wide financial statements, the Town recognized \$(22,266) for OPEB expense and revenue for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportional share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
associated with the Town	630,051
Total	\$ 630,051

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2022, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

2.75%
0.50%
3.00%
3.00% to 6.50%
3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,
including inflation
2.16%
2.21%

Single equivalent interest rate

Measurement date 2.17%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including price inflation

Prior Measurement date	2.21 %, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation
	metading price initiation
Healthcare cost trends rates	
Medicare	5.125% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate Rate of 4.50% by 2023

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in the evaluation of the long-term rate of return assumption, including the Plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Expected 10- Yeart Geometric	
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return	Standard Deviation
U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents)	100.00%	0.42%	1.78%
Price Inflation		2.50%	
Expected rate of return (Rounded nearest 0.25%)		2.00%	

Assumption changes since the prior year are as follows:

- Discount rate changed from 2.21% to 2.17%
- Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated Medicare and prescription drug claim experience based on scheduled premium increases through calendar year 2024.

Benefit changes since the prior year are as follows:

There were no changes in benefit provisions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.17%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annual at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2023 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 15 – RESTRICTED NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2022, the Board of Commissioners of the Water and Sewer Commission has restricted \$140,000 of Net Position for capital improvements.

NOTE 16 – COMITTMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are legal actions pending in which the Town is involved. The Town Officials are of the opinion that the ultimate liabilities, if any, resulting from such lawsuits and claims will not materially affect the financial position of the Town. The Town has received State grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

NOTE 17 – PRONOUNCEMENTS ISSUED, NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future presentations. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements:

- GASB Statement No. 91 Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 94 Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. This statement addresses a variety of topics with certain of the requirements of this statements effective July 1, 2022, and other requirements effective for the Town's reporting periods beginning July 1, 2023.
- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2023.
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2024.

TOWN OF SHARON

Connecticut State Teachers Retirement System

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	 0.00%							
Towns proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -							
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the town	 8,608,573	 7,301,729	 7,054,214	 5,439,209	 5,962,940	 6,290,948	 4,635,777	 4,284,847
Total	\$ 8,608,573	\$ 7,301,729	\$ 7,054,214	\$ 5,439,209	\$ 5,962,940	\$ 6,290,948	\$ 4,635,777	\$ 4,284,847
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,694,622	\$ 1,719,611	\$ 1,813,744	\$ 1,739,583	\$ 1,788,628	\$ 1,797,405	\$ 1,723,151	\$ 1,693,960
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 0.00%							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 60.77%	 49.24%	52.00%	57.69%	 55.93%	52.26%	 59.50%	 61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Actuarial cost method

Changes in benefit terms Beginning July 1, 2019, annual interest credited on mandatory contributions set at 4%

Changes of assumptions Since the prior valuation, the Board adopted new assumptions as the result of an experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. The changes in assumptions are summarized below:

Decrease the annual rate of real wage increase assumption from 0.75% to 0.50%.

Decrease payroll growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality, and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level percent of pay, closed

Single Equivalent amortization period 30 Years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% - 6.50%, average, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.9%, net of pension plan investment expense

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years information will be displayed as it becomes available

TOWN OF SHARON

Connecticut State Teachers Retirement System

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 0.00%	 0.00%	 0.00%	 0.00%	 0.00%
Towns proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the town	 630,051	 1,089,053	 1,100,214	 1,087,329	 1,534,781
Total	\$ 630,051	\$ 1,089,053	\$ 1,100,214	\$ 1,087,329	\$ 1,534,781
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,694,622	\$ 1,719,611	\$ 1,813,744	\$ 1,739,583	\$ 1,788,628
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 0.00%	 0.00%	 0.00%	 0.00%	 0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	 6.11%	 2.50%	 2.08%	 1.49%	 1.79%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms Effective January 1, 2019, the board elected a new prescription drug plan which is expected to reduce overall costs.

Changes of assumptions Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience

Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated

The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated based on observed plan experience. Additionally, participants are no longer assumed to migrate from the Medicare Supplement

Plan to the Medicare Advantage Plan after selecting an option

The Board adopted new assumptions as the result of an experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. The changes in assumptions are summarized below:

Decrease the annual rate of real wage increase assumption from 0.75% to 0.50%.

Decrease payroll growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality, and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Amortization method Level percent of payroll

Remaining amortization period 30 years open

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of pension plan investment expense

Inflation 2.50%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years information will be displayed as it becomes available

TOWN OF SHARON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	R	udgeted Amoun		Variance With Final Budget		
	Original	Transfers			Over (Under)	
Property Taxes						
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$ 10,613,870	\$ -	\$ 10,613,870	\$ 10,821,322	\$ 207,452	
Back Taxes	200,000	-	200,000	157,536	(42,464)	
Total Property Taxes	10,813,870		10,813,870	10,978,858	164,988	
Intergovernmental						
Education (ECS)	9,960	-	9,960	16,193	6,233	
Pilot - State/Fed Property	14,000	-	14,000	11,501	(2,499)	
Tax Relief- Elderly & Veterans	2,000	-	2,000	2,060	60	
TeleCom Property Tax	14,900	-	14,900	12,620	(2,280)	
Pequot/Mohegan Grant	2,001	-	2,001	2,001	-	
Miscellaneous Grants	500	-	500	4,422	3,922	
<u>Total Intergovernmental</u>	43,361		43,361	48,797	5,436	
Other Revenues						
Town Clerk fees	150,000	-	150,000	277,830	127,830	
Town Beach	9,000	-	9,000	12,715	3,715	
Vital Statistics	30,000	-	30,000	41,771	11,771	
Building Permits	110,000	-	110,000	240,031	130,031	
Zoning permits/ZBA	2,500	-	2,500	2,622	122	
Cemetery Fund	11,000	-	11,000	10,785	(215)	
Miscellaneous	48,750	-	48,750	69,932	21,182	
Sharon Ridge Pilot	1,000	-	1,000	1,000	-	
Sanitary Inspector	5,500	-	5,500	11,150	5,650	
<u>Total Other Revenues</u>	367,750	-	367,750	667,836	300,086	
<u>Interest - Investments</u>	7,000		7,000	11,664	4,664	
<u>Total Revenues</u>	\$ 11,231,981	\$ -	\$ 11,231,981	\$ 11,707,155	\$ 475,174	

TOWN OF SHARON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts								ariance vorable
		riginal	T	ransfers		Final		Actual	(Unf	avorable)
General Government										
Office of Selectman	\$	88,954	\$	-	\$	88,954	\$	87,866	\$	1,088
Administrative Assistant		52,694		-		52,694		51,694		1,000
Probate Court		5,410		-		5,410		5,409		1
Elections		24,525		-		24,525		16,323		8,202
Board of Finance/Annual Report		1,000		50		1,050		1,050		-
Auditor		25,500		-		25,500		25,500		-
Town treasurer		19,101		-		19,101		19,051		50
Town Council		8,000		-		8,000		2,738		5,262
Labor Counsel		1,000		-		1,000		-		1,000
Assessors		97,290		-		97,290		95,073		2,217
Board of Assessment Appeals		2,000		-		2,000		942		1,058
Tax Collector		47,458		-		47,458		46,295		1,163
Town Clerk		93,486		-		93,486		91,815		1,671
Planning and Zoning Commission		54,069		-		54,069		48,290		5,779
Town Hall		141,841		-		141,841		138,700		3,141
Town Insurance		120,000		(20,629)		99,371		99,371		-
Employee Benefits		509,000		3,486		512,486		512,486		-
Building Official/Fire Marshall		131,755		-		131,755		124,516		7,239
Miscellaneous Administration		32,124		9,678		41,802		39,408		2,394
Community Hall		16,000		-		16,000		9,162		6,838
Total General Government		,471,207		(7,415)		1,463,792		1,415,689		48,103
Public Safety										
Fire		285,025		-		285,025		284,584		441
Constables		450		-		450		450		-
Street Lighting		7,000		-		7,000		6,568		432
Water Hydrants		52,000		-		52,000		51,324		676
Civil Preparedness		4,010		-		4,010		-		4,010
Dog Warden		5,010		114		5,124		5,124		-
Sharon Green		43,000		-		43,000		41,417		1,583
Total Public Safety		396,495		114		396,609		389,467		7,142
Public Works										
Highways and Roadways	1	,279,000		-		1,279,000		1,279,000		-
Municipal Waste		286,264		(11,406)		274,858		266,518		8,340
Equipment Replacement	_	100,000				100,000		100,000		
Total Public Works	1	,665,264		(11,406)		1,653,858		1,645,518		8,340

TOWN OF SHARON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted Amount		Variance Favorable	
	Original	Transfers	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
<u>Health Department</u>					
Conservation of Health	37,929	-	37,929	33,013	4,916
Sanitary Inspector	2,653	-	2,653	2,700	(47)
Public Health Nurse	2,500	-	2,500	2,500	-
Welfare and Social Services	46,339		46,339	35,979	10,360
Total Health Department	89,421		89,421	74,192	15,229
Parks and Recreation					
Recreation	31,588	_	31,588	24,432	7,156
Youth Services	89,726	_	89,726	83,469	6,257
Town Beach	79,650	_	79,650	70,612	9,038
Total Parks and Recreation	200,964		200,964	178,513	22,451
Missallamanus					
Miscellaneous Hotchkiss Library	100,000	_	100,000	100,000	_
Contingency	100,000	_	100,000	100,000	10
Contributions	117,600	_	117,600	100,880	16,720
Other	80,523	18,707	99,230	89,093	10,137
Cemeteries	11,000	10,707	11,000	10,760	240
Reserve for Capital Non-Recurring	70,000	_	70,000	70,000	240
Total Miscellaneous	379,133	18,707	397,840	370,733	27,107
D 1/8					
Debt Service	574 670	-	574 670	574 561	110
General Obligations Bonds	574,679	-	574,679	574,561	118
Old Amenia Landfill	25,000	_	25,000	25,000	-
Homeowners/Renters Rebate Program	10	-	10	-	10
Transfer Station Debt Service	50,050		50,050	50,035	15
Total Debt Service	649,739		649,739	649,596	143
Additional Budget Appropriations					
Library	-	50,000	50,000	50,000	-
Debt Service Payoff Equipment Loans		425,211	425,211	411,989	13,222
Total Additional Budget Appropriations		475,211	475,211	461,989	13,222
<u>Education</u>					
Elementary Education	4,513,781	-	4,513,781	4,355,796	157,985
Regional Education	2,066,112	-	2,066,112	2,004,556	61,556
Total Education	6,579,893	-	6,579,893	6,360,352	219,541
Total Expenditures	11,432,116	475,211	11,907,327	11,546,049	348,056
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (200,135)	\$ (475,211)	\$ (675,346)	\$ 161,106	\$ 836,452

TOWN OF SHARON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUGETARY BASIS - BOARD OF EDUCATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	I	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Transfers	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
Salaries:					
Certified personnel:					
Teachers	\$ 1,573,136	\$ -	\$ 1,573,136	\$ 1,497,738	\$ (75,398)
Remedial Instruction	65,362	-	65,362	6,851	(58,511)
Extra Pay for Extra Duty	35,321	-	35,321	23,360	(11,961)
Special Programs	6,961	-	6,961	14,211	7,250
Principal	146,798	-	146,798	146,798	-
Substitutes	38,500	-	38,500	5,662	(32,838)
Total Certified Personnel	1,866,078		1,866,078	1,694,620	(171,458)
Non Certified Personnel:					
Teacher Assistants	97,990	-	97,990	93,370	(4,620)
Computer Technologist	58,347	-	58,347	62,381	4,034
School Nurse, RN	55,368	-	55,368	58,052	2,684
Board Clerk	49,986	_	49,986	51,420	1,434
Secretaries	109,137	_	109,137	108,517	(620)
Substitute Stipend	4,917	-	4,917	4,917	-
Head Custodian/Assistant Custodian	160,650	-	160,650	164,864	4,214
Custodial Overtime	6,986	-	6,986	13,025	6,039
Teacher Assistants Substitutes	2,000	-	2,000	385	(1,615)
School Nurse Substitutes	2,000	-	2,000	1,593	(407)
Office Substitutes	1,000	-	1,000	-	(1,000)
Custodial Substitutes	4,000	<u> </u>	4,000	1,593	(2,407)
Total Non Certified Personnel	552,381	-	552,381	560,117	7,736
Total Salaries	2,418,459		2,418,459	2,254,737	(163,722)
Employee Benefits:					
Health Insurance	701,594	-	701,594	568,424	(133,170)
Social Security/Medicare	73,817	-	73,817	73,892	75
Pension Plan Classified	37,895	-	37,895	32,423	(5,472)
Annuity - Principal	4,404	-	4,404	4,404	-
Reimbursement Graduate Credits	2,500	-	2,500	4,284	1,784
Unemployment Compensation	1,000	-	1,000	47	(953)
Workers' Compensation	13,170	-	13,170	15,757	2,587
Life Insurance	4,720		4,720	4,415	(305)
Total Employee Benefits	839,100		839,100	703,646	(135,454)
Purchased Services:					
Professional / Educational					
Board of Education In-service	750	-	750	1,605	855
Assemblies & Student Activities	15,428	-	15,428	6,819	(8,609)
Licenses	7,751	-	7,751	2,900	(4,851)
In Service/Curriculum Dev, Staff Training	19,777	-	19,777	15,971	(3,806)
Public Relations	1,000	-	1,000	2,228	1,228
Middle School Sports & Act Program	18,933	-	18,933	11,208	(7,725)
School Physicians	1,200	-	1,200	1,250	50
Legal, Negotiation Fees, Contracts	5,000	-	5,000	-	(5,000)
Audit ED 001 Report, Cafeteria, All Audits	5,000	-	5,000	4,750	(250)
Technology Support Services	18,600		18,600	18,480	(120)
Total professional services	93,439		93,439	65,211	(28,228)

TOWN OF SHARON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUGETARY BASIS - BOARD OF EDUCATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Purchased property services: Same of the property services: Final Actual Over (Under) Water and Sewer 8,480 - 8,480 6,630 (1,850) Cleaning Services 2,500 - 2,500 1,444 (1,056) Refuse Removal - Recycling 5,369 - 5,369 5,915 546 Upkeep of Grounds/Buildings 33,918 - 33,918 43,307 9,389 Service Office, AV, Music Equipment 7,867 - 7,867 10,028 2,161 Building repairs 273,614 - 273,614 433,376 159,762 Emergency 10,000 - 10,000 41,281 31,281 Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services 40 17,925 2,238 (Budgeted Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
Water and Sewer 8,480 - 8,480 6,630 (1,850) Cleaning Services 2,500 - 2,500 1,444 (1,056) Refuse Removal - Recycling 5,369 - 5,369 5,915 546 Upkeep of Grounds/Buildings 33,918 - 33,918 43,307 9,389 Service Office, AV, Music Equipment 7,867 - 7,867 10,028 2,161 Building repairs 273,614 - 273,614 433,376 159,762 Emergency 10,000 - 10,000 41,281 31,281 Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238		Original	Transfers	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
Water and Sewer 8,480 - 8,480 6,630 (1,850) Cleaning Services 2,500 - 2,500 1,444 (1,056) Refuse Removal - Recycling 5,369 - 5,369 5,915 546 Upkeep of Grounds/Buildings 33,918 - 33,918 43,307 9,389 Service Office, AV, Music Equipment 7,867 - 7,867 10,028 2,161 Building repairs 273,614 - 273,614 433,376 159,762 Emergency 10,000 - 10,000 41,281 31,281 Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238	Dynahogod muonouty compiess.					
Cleaning Services 2,500 - 2,500 1,444 (1,056) Refuse Removal - Recycling 5,369 - 5,369 5,915 546 Upkeep of Grounds/Buildings 33,918 - 33,918 43,307 9,389 Service Office, AV, Music Equipment 7,867 - 7,867 10,028 2,161 Building repairs 273,614 - 273,614 433,376 159,762 Emergency 10,000 - 10,000 41,281 31,281 Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,379<		9 490		9 490	6.620	(1.950)
Refuse Removal - Recycling 5,369 - 5,369 5,915 546 Upkeep of Grounds/Buildings 33,918 - 33,918 43,307 9,389 Service Office, AV, Music Equipment 7,867 - 7,867 10,028 2,161 Building repairs 273,614 - 273,614 433,376 159,762 Emergency 10,000 - 10,000 41,281 31,281 Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services 341-Star Bus Contract 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,379 32,424 45			-		<i>'</i>	
Upkeep of Grounds/Buildings 33,918 - 33,918 43,307 9,389 Service Office, AV, Music Equipment 7,867 - 7,867 10,028 2,161 Building repairs 273,614 - 273,614 433,376 159,762 Emergency 10,000 - 10,000 41,281 31,281 Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services 341-Star Bus Contract 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45	=		-			
Service Office, AV, Music Equipment 7,867 - 7,867 10,028 2,161 Building repairs 273,614 - 273,614 433,376 159,762 Emergency 10,000 - 10,000 41,281 31,281 Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services 41-Star Bus Contract 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45			-			
Building repairs 273,614 - 273,614 433,376 159,762 Emergency 10,000 - 10,000 41,281 31,281 Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services All-Star Bus Contract 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45		*	-			
Emergency 10,000 - 10,000 41,281 31,281 Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services All-Star Bus Contract 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45			-			
Scheduled Painting 15,000 - 15,000 25,813 10,813 Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services All-Star Bus Contract 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45	· .		-			
Asbestos Removal/Mgmt. Plan/Testing 560 - 560 850 290 Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services 811-Star Bus Contract 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45	•	*	-		· ·	·
Total property services 357,308 - 357,308 568,644 211,336 Other Purchased Services All-Star Bus Contract 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45	-		-			
Other Purchased Services 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45						
All-Star Bus Contract 249,977 - 249,977 184,787 (65,190) School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45		357,308		357,308	568,644	211,336
School Class Trips 17,925 - 17,925 2,238 (15,687) Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45		240.055		240.055	104 505	(55.400)
Multi-peril Insurance 32,379 - 32,379 32,424 45			-		· ·	
			-			
Student Athletic Insurance 400 - 400 387 (13)			=			
			-			` ,
Postage 2,500 - 2,500 77 (2,423)	_		-	*		
Telephone 11,903 - 11,903 13,754 1,851			-			
Advertising 10,465 - 10,465 9,880 (585)	•		-			` '
Printing -Graduation Prog, diploma, etc. 1,200 - 1,200 313 (887)			-			
Summer School Remedial 3,500 - 3,500 301 (3,199)			-			
Staff Travel, Prof Memb, Conf-All Staff 8,250 - 8,250 1,454 (6,796)			-			
Technology 39,475 - 39,475 61,760 22,285						
Total other purchased services 377,974 - 377,974 307,375 (70,599)	-					
<u>Total - Purchased Services</u> 828,721 - 828,721 941,230 112,509		828,721		828,721	941,230	112,509
<u>Supplies</u>						
Classroom Supplies 29,400 - 29,400 17,733 (11,667)			-			
Art Supplies 3,150 - 3,150 3,073 (77)			-			
Music Supplies 3,150 - 3,150 2,639 (511)		· ·	-			
Physical Education Supplies 3,150 - 3,150 3,585 435			-			
Test Materials 1,000 - 1,000 2,207 1,207			-			
Consumable Workbooks 5,000 - 5,000 5,074 74			-			
Medical Supplies 2,000 - 2,000 1,523 (477)			-			` '
Audio Visual Materials 2,500 - 2,500 933 (1,567)			-			. , ,
Computer Software -Internet Subscriptions 54,480 - 54,480 45,496 (8,984)			-			
Office Supplies 8,250 - 8,250 15,994 7,744			-			
Graduation Supplies 2,500 - 2,500 4,500 2,000			-			
Custodial Supplies 32,800 - 32,800 31,869 (931)	**		=			
Maintenance Supplies 36,372 - 36,372 34,764 (1,608)			=			
Electricity 72,339 - 72,339 69,746 (2,593)	-	72,339	-	72,339	69,746	
Heating Fuel 35,443 - 35,443 79,516 44,073	Heating Fuel	35,443	-	35,443	79,516	44,073
Diesel Fuel 24,565 - 24,565 27,311 2,746	Diesel Fuel	24,565	-	24,565	27,311	2,746
Textbooks 13,000 - 13,000 8,516 (4,484)		13,000	-	13,000		(4,484)
Library Books 8,440 - 8,440 9,965 1,525			-			1,525
Library: Supplies/Periodicals 4,500 - 4,500 3,761 (739)	·					
<u>Total Supplies</u> 342,039 - 342,039 368,205 26,166	<u>Total Supplies</u>	342,039		342,039	368,205	26,166

TOWN OF SHARON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUGETARY BASIS - BOARD OF EDUCATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	I	Budgeted Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	6		Actual	Over (Under)
<u>Property</u>					-
Equipment, Instructional	1,000	-	1,000	5,041	4,041
Equipment, Non-instructional	3,008	-	3,008	7,383	4,375
Total Property	4,008	-	4,008	12,424	8,416
<u>Dues and Fees</u>					
Education Connection	1,454	-	1,454	554	(900)
Total Dues and Fees	1,454	-	1,454	554	(900)
Capital Expenses					
Transfer Cafeteria	30,000	-	30,000	25,000	(5,000)
Capital Expense	50,000	-	50,000	50,000	-
Total Capital Expenses	80,000	-	80,000	75,000	(5,000)
TOTAL SHARON BOARD OF EDUCATION	4,513,781		4,513,781	4,355,796	(157,985)
Region One					
High School	1,416,086	-	1,416,086	1,364,323	(51,763)
Pupil Services	529,526	-	529,526	508,957	(20,569)
Administrative Services	120,500	<u> </u>	120,500	131,276	10,776
Total Region One	2,066,112	-	2,066,112	2,004,556	(61,556)
TOTAL EDUCATION EXPENDITURES	\$ 6,579,893	\$ -	\$ 6,579,893	\$ 6,360,352	\$ (219,541)

TOWN OF SHARON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Town Aid Road Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	Education Grants Fund	Local and State Fund	Brown Fund	Sharon Fund	Sharon Cemetery Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 352,246	\$ 15,452	\$ -	\$ 18,397	\$ 1,316	\$ 14,024	\$ 19,511
Investments	-	705	-	-	49,671	32,666	454,919
Inventory Accounts Receivable	-	795	-	-	-	-	-
Due From Other Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due From Other Governments		11,805	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
TOTAL ASSETS	352,246	28,052		18,397	50,987	46,690	474,430
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 352,246	\$ 28,052	\$ -	\$ 18,397	\$ 50,987	\$ 46,690	\$ 474,430
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
<u>Liabilities:</u>	. 012	4	•		•	.	
Accounts Payable	\$ 912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to Other Funds <u>Total Liabilities</u>	912		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		10,760 10,760
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable	-	795	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	351,334	27,257	-	18,397	50,987	46,690	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	463,670
Unassigned							
Total Fund Balances	351,334	28,052		18,397	50,987	46,690	463,670
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 352,246	\$ 28,052	\$ -	\$ 18,397	\$ 50,987	\$ 46,690	\$ 474,430

TOWN OF SHARON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	67 Main Street Fund	Town Clerk Preservation Fund	Tree Committee	Dog Fund	Amenia Landfill Fund	Green Rehab Fund	Revaluation Fund	Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 84,846	\$ 11,893	\$ 682	\$ 8,428	\$ 47,130	\$ 47,825	\$ 17,917	\$ 639,667
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	537,256
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	795
Accounts Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 005
Due From Other Governments						-		11,805
TOTAL ASSETS	84,846	11,893	682	8,428	47,130	47,825	17,917	1,189,523
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED								
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 84,846	\$ 11,893	\$ 682	\$ 8,428	\$ 47,130	\$ 47,825	\$ 17,917	\$1,189,523
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	957
Due to Other Funds		1,767						12,527
Total Liabilities		1,767	<u> </u>	45			<u> </u>	13,484
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	795
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	494,665
Committed	84,846	10,126	682	8,383	47,130	47,825	17,917	680,579
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances	84,846	10,126	682	8,383	47,130	47,825	17,917	1,176,039
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 84,846	\$ 11,893	\$ 682	\$ 8,428	\$ 47,130	\$ 47,825	\$ 17,917	\$1,189,523

TOWN OF SHARON

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Road Cafeteria Grants S		Local and State Fund	Brown Fund	Sharon Fund	Sharon Cemetery Fund	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 361,466	\$ 70,389	\$ 770,074	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions	- 	-	-	500	-	-	-
Investment Income	116	-	-	-	373	141	(34,594)
Other Income	-	-	-	18,211	-	4,868	-
Sales		1,119					
<u>Total Revenues</u>	361,582	71,508	770,074	18,711	373	5,009	(34,594)
Expenditures:							
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	297,570	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health Department	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	22,338	2,000	2,750	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education	-	82,695	148,050	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	<u></u> _	<u>=_</u> _	622,024				<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	297,570	82,695	770,074	22,338	2,000	2,750	-
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	64,012	(11,187)		(3,627)	(1,627)	2,259	(34,594)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating Transfers In	_	25,000	-	-	-	-	_
Operating Transfers Out	-	· -	-	-	-	-	(10,760)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		25,000					(10,760)
Excess of Revenues and Other							
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures							
and Other Uses	64,012	13,813		(3,627)	(1,627)	2,259	(45,354)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	287,322	14,239		22,024	52,614	44,431	509,024
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 351,334	\$ 28,052	\$ -	\$ 18,397	\$ 50,987	\$ 46,690	\$ 463,670

TOWN OF SHARON

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	67 Main Street Fund	Town Clerk Preservation Fund	Tree Committee	Dog Fund	Amenia Landfill Fund	Green Rehab Fund	Revaluation Fund	Total
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 5,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,207,429
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500
Investment Income	84	13	6	122	58	46	15	(33,620)
Other Income	24,500	3,842	-	2,422	-	-	-	53,843
Sales								1,119
<u>Total Revenues</u>	24,584	9,355	6_	2,544	58	46	15	1,229,271
Expenditures:								
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	9,020	-	-	-	9,020
Public Works	-	-	-	-	23,931	-	-	321,501
Health Department	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	360	8,388	14,917	-	-	-	-	50,753
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230,745
Capital Outlay						3,716		625,740
<u>Total Expenditures</u>	360	8,388	14,917	9,020	23,931	3,716		1,237,759
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
<u>Expenditures</u>	24,224	967	(14,911)	(6,476)	(23,873)	(3,670)	15	(8,488)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating Transfers In	-	1,000	15,000	2,000	25,000	10,000	5,000	83,000
Operating Transfers Out		(1,767)						(12,527)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(767)	15,000	2,000	25,000	10,000	5,000	70,473
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures								
and Other Uses	24,224	200	89	(4,476)	1,127	6,330	5,015	61,985
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	60,622	9,926	593	12,859	46,003	41,495	12,902	1,114,054
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 84,846	\$ 10,126	\$ 682	\$ 8,383	\$ 47,130	\$ 47,825	\$ 17,917	\$ 1,176,039

TOWN OF SHARON SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total tax collection including interest and li for prior fiscal year	en fees	\$10,833,885				
Reimbursement for revenue loss on Tax relief for elderly for prior fiscal yea	r	2,193				
Tun tener for elacity for prior fiscal year	•	2,173				
Base		\$10,836,078				
	General			Urban		
	Purpose	Schools	Sewers	Renewal		
Debt limitation:						
2-1/4 times base	\$24,381,176	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
4-1/2 times base	-	48,762,351	-	-		
3-3/4 times base	-	-	40,635,293	-		
3-1/4 times base				35,217,254		
Total debt limitation	24,381,176	48,762,351	40,635,293	35,217,254		
Indelstaduren						
Indebtedness:	4 001 55 2					
Bonds payable Notes Payable	4,081,553	-	-	-		
Regional School District #1 town share	-	-	-	-		
balance as of prior fiscal year	-	419,884	-	-		
Sewer Bonds & Notes	-	417,004	115,491	-		
Total indebtedness	4,081,553	419,884	115,491			
Total indebtedness	4,001,333	419,004	113,491			
Debt limitation in excess of						
outstanding and authorized debt	\$20,299,623	\$48,342,467	\$40,519,802	\$35,217,254		
	1 1, 11, 11			1 7 - 7 -		
Total capacity of borrowing (7 times base)		\$75,852,546				
Total present indebtedness		4,616,928				
Margin for additional borrowing		\$71,235,618				

TOWN OF SHARON SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

						Collections										
Grand List	Balances	Current	Lawful	Corrections	Collectable							Tra	nsfers	F	Balances	
Year	6/30/2021	Levy	Additions	Deductions	Taxes	 Taxes	Interest		erest Liens		Liens Total		To Suspense		6/30/2022	
2020	\$ -	\$10,887,661	\$ 5,858	\$ 6,922	\$10,886,597	\$ 10,713,842	\$	42,598	\$	-	10,756,440	\$	28	\$	172,727	
2019	180,207	-	350	226	180,331	106,530		18,253		1,368	126,151		-		73,801	
2018	64,729	-	150	120	64,759	14,549		5,563		192	20,304		-		50,210	
2017	52,175	-	-	-	52,175	8,092		4,086		120	12,298		-		44,083	
2016	40,021	-	-	-	40,021	7,742		6,023		72	13,837		-		32,279	
2015	40,167	-	-	-	40,167	7,240		6,672		48	13,960		-		32,927	
2014	25,027	-	-	-	25,027	2,435		2,249		24	4,708		-		22,592	
2013	23,936	-	-	-	23,936	1,687		2,276		24	3,987		-		22,249	
2012	24,577	-	-	-	24,577	1,609		2,430		24	4,063		-		22,968	
2011	30,897	-	-	-	30,897	1,551		4,206		24	5,781		-		29,346	
2010	26,174	-	-	-	26,174	1,482		5,835		24	7,341		-		24,692	
2009	20,712	-	-	-	20,712	1,424		367		-	1,791		-		19,288	
2008	15,032	-	-	-	15,032	1,695		905		-	2,600		-		13,337	
2007	9,936	-	-	-	9,936	-		456		48	504		-		9,936	
2006	9,126	-	-	-	9,126	1,500		3,948		48	5,496		-		7,626	
2005	8,641	_	-	-	8,641	-		-		-	-		8,641		-	
Totals	\$ 571,357	\$10,887,661	\$ 6,358	\$ 7,268	\$11,458,108	\$ 10,871,378	\$	105,867	\$	2,016	\$10,979,261	\$	8,669	\$	578,061	

TOWN OF SHARON SCHEDULE OF DEBT Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund				Capital Reserve Fund						Enterprise Fund						
	Obl	2016 General igation Bonds		2021 DA General igation Bond	2019 Fo: F5:	rd	2020/202 Volvo Loader	1	2 Fre	018/19 eightliner Loan	2016 Daim Freigh	ler	D	2005 Orinking ater Fund		2010 Sewer Loan	 Totals
Long Term Debt Payable July 1, 2021 Issuances of New Debt	\$	3,075,000	\$	1,567,000	\$ 93	3,028	\$ 138,040	0	\$	215,993	\$ 43	-	\$	66,185	\$	105,274	\$ 5,303,528
Payments During Year		(530,000)		(30,447)	(93	3,028)	(138,04	0)		(215,993)	(43	(800,		(25,999)		(29,969)	 (1,106,484)
Long Term Debt Payable July 1, 2022 Maturities by Fiscal Years Ending June 30:	\$	2,545,000	\$	1,536,553	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	40,186	\$	75,305	\$ 4,197,044
2023		525,000		30,828		_		-		_		_		26,630		30,659	613,117
2024		515,000		31,213		-		-		-		-		13,556		31,365	591,134
2025		510,000		31,604		-		-		-		-		-		13,281	554,885
2026		500,000		31,999		-		-		-		-		-		-	531,999
2027		495,000		32,804		-		-		-		-		-		-	527,804
Thereafter				1,378,105													 1,378,105
	\$	2,545,000	\$	1,536,553	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	40,186	\$	75,305	\$ 4,197,044



SINNAMON & ASSOCIATES, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Finance of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sinnamon & Associates, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Sun & Desides le

Canaan, Connecticut December 13, 2022



SINNAMON & ASSOCIATES, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report On Internal Control Over Compliance; And Report On The Schedule Of Expenditures Of State Financial Assistance Required By The State Single Audit Act

To the Board of Finance of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the Office of Policy and Management's *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Town of Sharon, Connecticut's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town of Sharon, Connecticut, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Our responsibilities under those standards and the State Single Audit Act are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's state programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Town of Sharon, Connecticut's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State Single Audit will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State Single Audit Act, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding Town of Sharon, Connecticut's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary
 in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State Single
 Audit Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of
 Sharon, Connecticut's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Sharon, Connecticut and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Sharon, Connecticut's basic financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2022, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Single Audit Act and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Sinnamon & Associates, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Josethe LLC

December 13, 2022

Canaan, Connecticut

$\begin{tabular}{l} TOWN OF SHARON, CONNECTICUT \\ SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE \\ FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 \\ \end{tabular}$

State Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	State Grant Program CORE-CT Number	Passed T	Expenditures		
			*	_ *	
Office of Policy and Management:	11000 077 120 500 17011	Φ.		4	~ 0
Property tax relief on property of totally disabled persons	11000-OPM20600-17011	\$	-	\$	58
Property tax relief for Veterans	11000-OPM20600-17024		-		2,001
Payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) on state-owned property	11000-OPM20600-17004		-		10,229
Payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) on state-owned property	11000-OPM20600-35691		-		3,635 15,923
Judicial Branch			<u>-</u> _		13,923
Judicial fines and fees	34001-JUD95162-40001		<u>-</u>		415
Department of Transportation:					
Town aid road grants transportation fund	12052-DOT57131-43455		_		180,733
Town aid road grants transportation fund - STO	13033-DOT57131-43459		_		180,733
			-		361,466
Connecticut State Library					
Historic documents preservation grant	12060-CSL66094-35150		-		5,500
Department of Housing					
Bond Consolidation Receipts	12039-DOH46920-40233				2,629
Department of Education:					
Child Nutrition Program	11000-SDE64370-16211		-		684
School Breakfast	11000-SDE64370-17046		-		2,649
Healthy Foods Initiative	11000-SDE64370-16212		-		843
Talent Development	11000-SDE64370-12552				372
			-		4,548
Total State Financial Assistance Defens Finance December					200 491
Total State Financial Assistance Before Exempt Programs					390,481
Exempt Programs					
Department of Education:					
Education Cost Sharing	11000-SDE64370-17041		_		16,193
Zaucanon cost Bharing	11000 0000017011				10,170
Office of Policy and Management					
Mashantucket Pequot and Mohegan Fund	12009-OPM20600-17005		-		2,001
Total Francist December					10 10 4
Total Exempt Programs			-	-	18,194
Total State Financial Assistance		\$		\$	408,675

TOWN OF SHARON NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance includes state grant activity of the Town of Sharon under programs of the State of Connecticut for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Various departments and agencies of the State of Connecticut have provided financial assistance to the Town of Sharon through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. These financial assistance programs fund several programs including road repair and maintenance, capital improvements, tax relief, general assistance and education.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Sharon conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

The information in the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance is presented based upon regulations established by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

Basis of Accounting

The expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. In accordance with Section 4-236-22 of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act, certain grants are not dependent on expenditure activity, and accordingly, are considered to be expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These grant program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance.

TOWN OF SHARON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of auditor's opinion issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No	
Significant deficiency(s) identified	Yes	X None Re	ported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No	
State Financial Assistance			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No	
Significant deficiency(s) identified	Yes	X None Re	ported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be			
reported in accordance with Section 4-236-24 of the			
Regulations to the State Single Audit Act?	Yes	X No	
The following schedule reflects the major programs included in the audit:			
	State CORE-CT		
State Grantor and Program	<u>Number</u>	Expe	<u>enditures</u>
Department of Transportation:			
Town aid road grants transportation fund	12052-DOT57131-43455	\$	180,733
Town aid road grants transportation fund - STO	13033-DOT57131-43459	\$	180,733

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$100,000

II - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

No Matters were reported

III - STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No Matters were reported